

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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VOL XXIX

HILL TAKES A STAND FOR GOLD

Efforts To Let Thacher Be Forced Into a Resignation.

WHIPS COMMITTEE INTO LINE

Members at the Members and Cries for Party Damnation.

WHIPS PLATFORM ADOPTED AT CHICAGO

Final Result May Be an Open Revolt Upon One Side or the Other. Thacher May Speak Today.

New York, September 22.—A meeting of the democratic state committee was held at the Hoffman house last night. The opposition to John Boyd Thacher was more pronounced than had been foreseen. Thacher was in the city, and when it became known that Senator Hill was to attend as a speaker, the interest increased. Chairman Thacher arrived at the hotel soon after 8 o'clock, and at a quarter of 9 o'clock the meeting opened. After a conference between Messrs. Hill, Danforth, John C. Sheehan and North Chase, the committee was formally called to order and the doors closed.

As much time was taken up in deciding upon seats of the representatives from Kings, Niagara and Monroe counties that it was past 10 o'clock when the real business was reached. The rumors of the fact that Tammany would not support the state ticket unless Thacher declined the gubernatorial nomination, were followed by a joint protest of other organizations, which was handed to the committee for consideration. The following communication was presented to the committee:

To the New York State Democratic Committee:—Gentlemen: The undersigned believe that the nomination of Mr. John Boyd Thacher, for governor of New York, is a political error most damaging to the democratic party and the Bryan cause. If Mr. Thacher remains in the state ticket, we believe it will be defeated. The popular dissatisfaction with this nomination is so plain and strong that we trust Mr. Thacher will be induced to decline the nomination, and that thereupon you will fill the vacancy with a candidate who can and will give his unequivocal support to all the planks in the Chicago platform. Respectfully, Owen T. Kinslow, president, and John N. Burt, of the executive committee of the New York State Democratic Committee.

The fact in the Bryan Club, James Hall, president; Frank T. Blyler, secretary of Bryan League of Allegheny Printing Trades, and others. The contest between the supporters and opponents of Mr. Thacher was precipitated by a resolution offered by John B. Sheehan as follows:

Resolved, That we do hereby request that John Boyd Thacher withdraw from the candidacy for the governorship so that the state committee may be enabled to select a candidate in perfect accord with the platform adopted by the democratic convention at Chicago.

Senator Hill at once took the floor in opposition to the resolution, making an earnest appeal to have Mr. Thacher retained. His remarks occupied forty minutes, and was after 11 o'clock when Senator Thomas F. Grady took the floor. Mr. Grady was equally emphatic in urging the withdrawal of Mr. Thacher, so that a candidate earnestly favoring free coinage might be substituted.

Hill Bows for Damnation.

Following Senator Grady, Messrs. John C. Carlisle and Charles M. Bulger made short speeches on the resolution and it was then taken up for the vote. The action looking to the withdrawal of Mr. Thacher.

Senator Hill said, in part, that people do not understand the money question. He had heard men talking with an ignorance of the subject which he called "the suicidal for the democratic party of this state to accept the silverite principle. He would rather see the party dead and buried than see it damned by such insane conduct. He said the committee had not power to remove Mr. Thacher from the ticket. The adoption of the resolution, he said, would be political cowardice.

Senator Hill spoke for over half an hour and walked about the room, gesturing as he talked. When he finished Senator Grady arose and began another speech.

Committee Votes To Notify. At 1:45 o'clock, this morning the committee finally adjourned after adopting the resolution for the Silver Convention. The vote was in favor of the latter by 10 to 2, and the resolution was as follows:

Resolved, That the chairman of this meeting appoint a committee of five to notify the candidates on the state ticket of the meeting of this committee to be held Monday evening, September 28th. Thacher May Still Decline. The committee named was as follows: Mr. York of Kings; Mr. Grady, of New York; Mr. Molloy, of Troy; Mr. Cotton, of Chautauque, and Mr. B. Beckwith. After the meeting it transpired that Senator Hill had spoken five or six times. Members who had been present expressed the opinion that following the action of the committee tonight Mr. Thacher would feel constrained to decline the gubernatorial nomination.

One of the things that precipitated the movement against Thacher was the following telegram sent him by John B. Sheehan: New York, September 22.—John Boyd Thacher, Albany, N. Y. Sir: When the friends of the democratic platform adopted in Buffalo stood in doubt as to the propriety of nominating a gentleman who had previously occupied a position adverse to the leading tenets of the party as declared in national convention, the convention was repeatedly assured by your representatives that you would

stand fairly and squarely upon the Buffalo platform, which most emphatically indorsed the one adopted at Chicago.

No man who knows John Boyd Thacher, they declared again and again, "will doubt for a moment that before this convention he has resolved his doubt as to the expediency of free silver, and is prepared to stand in all fairness upon the platform this day adopted, copies of which the press has placed in Mr. Thacher's hands."

In view of your letter to the public, I feel sure that you are not aware of the pledges then made in your name, and that, once in possession of the facts, you will take the required measures to prevent the stultification of those who pressed your claims upon the convention.

JOHN C. SHEEHAN.

FUSION IN NORTH CAROLINA

ELECTORS DIVIDED EQUALLY BETWEEN POPS AND DEMOCRATS

Silver Men Come in for Odd Man To Prevent a Disagreement—Republicans May Lose Altogether.

Raleigh, N. C., September 22.—(Special.)—It was nearly 2 o'clock this morning when the popular and democratic finished their electoral fusion. Each of these parties takes five electors and gives the free silver party one.

The democrats take the following electors: C. R. Thomas, third district; T. F. Klutz, seventh; Geo. York, eighth; R. D. Gilmer, ninth; Locke Craig, at large. The populists take Theo. White, first district; H. F. Freeman, second; W. S. Bailey, fourth; William Merritt, fifth; Robert D. Davis, at large.

E. F. Keith, chairman of the silver party in North Carolina, is elector for the sixth district. This is a deal by the committee of the two parties and has been expected several weeks.

The only unexpected feature was the putting up of the free silver man. That party literally has no strength in the state. The sole reason for its recognition is that the populists did not want the democrats to have more electors than they had.

It is unquestionable that each party suspects the other. Some of the populists, such as Otto Wilson, and though by no means favor it, though they are committed men, but are thought to desire republican success. Such are the charges made in the press. The populist state chairman was asked what he thought of the electoral deal and replied:

"I believe it will go through. I believe the rank and file of our party will support it. What they want to do is to vote for silver and this gives all an opportunity to do this."

The republican state chairman said: "I think this joint ticket will slough off at both ends. More populists than democrats will decline to vote for it. They have been advised by the speakers, leaders and editors not to vote for it."

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HANNAH IN TROUBLE

Despite "Pilgrimage Demonstrations" He Is Worried About Labor.

NOT SURE OF THE WORKMAN

Regards Him as an Uncertain Factor in Need of Cultivation.

CLEVELAND WILL GO AGAINST THE MAJOR

Republicans Are Fully Aware of Their Weakness and Are Releasing Barrels of Coin.

Cleveland, O., September 22.—(Special Correspondence.)—While there is undoubtedly much surface enthusiasm among the people who go as pilgrims to Canton—road fare and lodgings charged to the account of Mark Hanna—there is no denying the fact that the republican managers are greatly worried over the reports which come to them about the attitude of the labor voter throughout the country.

These "pilgrimages to Canton," especially those of working men, are fooling nobody. Everybody knows that the republicans are the very people who are sought to be impressed by them, the men who as individuals make up the great labor vote of the country, are keenest in giving them the proper analysis.

"We are onto Mark Hanna's curves," they say, or words which mean just that. The fact that the traveling men from Oskosh or the men who are working for Carnegie go to Canton, address McKinley and are talked to in return, certainly not fooling those people who keep their eyes open to what is going on around them.

During the past month, a great deal of money has been judiciously planted by the republican managers in the hands of professional agitators and workers who are working as laboring men. All the big establishments of the country, and in many of the smaller ones, there are to be found men drawing pay from the republican managers in the hands of professional agitators and workers who are working as laboring men. All the big establishments of the country, and in many of the smaller ones, there are to be found men drawing pay from the republican managers in the hands of professional agitators and workers who are working as laboring men. All the big establishments of the country, and in many of the smaller ones, there are to be found men drawing pay from the republican managers in the hands of professional agitators and workers who are working as laboring men.

Full and complete reports from most of these are in the hands of the republican campaign managers and the reports are not what the republicans had hoped. They show that the laboring men of these doubtful states are for Bryan. Each report naturally speaks of the hope in the breast of the man who makes it that he "may be able to stem the tide," and a willingness and a desire to earn that pay as well as a probability of proving his success as a converter. But through all this, the republican managers find indisputable evidence that the labor vote is against them and that they want to secure it they must get at them in some other way.

They See the Danger.

They are not blind, these republican managers. Nobody has ever charged them with a lack of shrewdness. They are practical politicians and they know what's the matter. They know the value and importance of this labor vote.

"It is the vote which decides the result," said Captain Harper, a well-known Ohio republican, whom I was questioning about this labor vote and who said that he was the labor vote which threw us down four years ago and put Cleveland into office. Two years later, under the stress of hard times and our representations that the democrats were responsible for the conditions then existing, the laboring men came back to us and the result was we swept the country.

We thought we had them safe for some years. They had repudiated the Cleveland administration in that fight and we figured that they would do it again this November. And now it came to a vote for president. This was a natural inference and it would have worked all right if the democratic national convention had not itself repudiated Cleveland. That has turned the whole complexion of things.

Our people acknowledge that the tendency in this vote is away from us, but they say they are making converts every day. I hope it is true, but I've been in this thing too often to put much faith in these "converting" conversions. I have noticed that when the tendency of the labor vote is one way, all hell can't stop it.

"Major McKinley may be a good man," said a head puffer at one of the big mills with whom I talked, "but I believe in the principles of protection myself; but there are many questions in this campaign which overshadow that of the tariff. With us it is not altogether the money question. We are for Bryan because we know he represents the true interests of the people against McKinley, and we are in the hands of the men who have been made rich by trusts and monopolies and syndicates. We believe in free coinage, but we believe in Bryan."

The Powderly Fiasco.

The Powderly fiasco has done great damage to the republican cause with the labor element and if you want to see a good imitation of a bull and a red ram, remember the Powderly fiasco. It was a case of republican political. Such a palpable case of purchase was it that it is resented by every honest son of it. There has been nothing quite so flagrant in the history of American politics. When the ex-master workman of the Knights of Labor was faced by his recent declaration for free coinage and the other circumstances which showed so clearly that the republicans had bought him, the hisses that greeted him at Cooper Union were echoed wherever honest laboring men were gathered together.

Bryan's great labor day speech is in the hands of every workingman in Ohio and through this important middle west. By its side the republicans have not been bought. In giving this advice they have done what their consciences dictated. They are honest men pleading the cause of honesty.

And best of all, the views they hold are likewise held by the masses of the people. The great labor vote will be cast for the candidates of the people—Bryan and Sewall.

GOLD GIVEN FOR GREENBACKS.

Million Dollars in Coin Exchanged for Paper Money.

New York, September 22.—Sellingman & Co. will exchange \$100,000 of the steamship St. Paul, now on the way, for the sum of \$1,000,000 gold was deposited at the sub-treasury today in exchange for greenbacks.

The steamship Teutonic, leaving Europe tomorrow, will carry a consignment of \$1,000,000 for Heidelberg, Kiehlmeier & Co.

QUAKERS HEAR HIM

Nebraska Makes Three Speeches to Philadelphia Crowds.

ONE TALK WAS VERY SHORT

Capacity of Music Hall Tested by His Appearance.

MADE A GREAT SPEECH IN NEW JERSEY

Handled the Financial Question in a Masterful Way—Explained the Goldbug Patriotism.

Philadelphia, Pa., September 22.—Five thousand people packed closely in the Academy of Music heard William J. Bryan deliver his first of three addresses made to Philadelphia audiences tonight. Many thousands more swarmed in the streets outside the building and these he addressed when his indoor speech was concluded.

An enormous crowd remained for hours outside the Hotel Lafayette waiting to get a glimpse of the candidate. Equally great was the assemblage that thronged Broad and Wharton streets, in front of the southwestern democratic club, to hear the third and last address of the evening.

In all Mr. Bryan's campaigning he never drew crowds of greater magnitude. The Academy of Music was entirely inadequate for the principal Bryan demonstration. The doors had to be closed early in the evening. For the building had all it would hold and those inside were pressed together as tightly as could be.

But the throng inside the academy was as nothing in point of numbers compared to the packed masses in the streets. On Broad street, outside the Hotel Lafayette, a great crowd choked passage for more than an hour before Mr. Bryan left the hotel for the academy. Passage to the vehicles was impossible and even the extra squad of policemen who were sent to clear a way for Mr. Bryan at the entrance found much difficulty in forcing their way through.

When Mr. Bryan left his rooms to enter his carriage several hundred men, who had been held in check in the lobby and corridors of the hotel, broke through the line of guards and rushed after him pell-mell. With Mr. Bryan were Chairman Curley, of the city executive committee; ex-Congressman Kerr, of Pennsylvania; Congressman Sulzer, of New York, and members of the local committee. Several of these were caught in the rush and failed to keep up with the candidate. Pieces of furniture were overturned and a crashing of glass bore witness to the great rush that marked Mr. Bryan's passage through the hotel.

The candidate was sent flying along the corridors, pushed through a narrow doorway, and raced to his carriage by way of the Sanson street entrance, thus eluding the crowd on Broad street. There was another crush at the academy, but Mr. Bryan was finally landed on the stage, looking very much like the center-rush in a football game after attempting the flying wedge.

Outside the academy was another mass of humanity, packed deep in Broad street and lapping into the adjoining thoroughfares. It was a good-natured crowd, and seemed willing enough to be entertained by campaign orators who spoke from trucks and other conspicuous places.

It was 8:40 o'clock when Mr. Bryan reached the Academy of Music. A wave of enthusiasm swept through the over-crowded auditorium as he came on the stage. The whole assembly went wild in giving him welcome, and it was some time before the shouting ceased.

John W. Garman, chairman of the democratic state committee, introduced Mr. Bryan, who received another ovation as he stepped forward to speak. Almost every sentence he uttered was followed by loud cheers. Mr. Bryan did not speak at the overflow meeting in front of the Academy of Music, as was expected, but went direct to Broad and Wharton streets, where 15,000 people were congregated.

Mr. Bryan acknowledged the greetings of the assemblage, and stated that he was too hoarse to address them, and requested that they read his Academy of Music speech. He then retired and was driven to his hotel.

Start Made from Chester.

Chester, Pa., September 22.—William J. Bryan left Wilmington, Del., at 1:30 o'clock this morning and reached Chester, Pa., at 10:25. He made the trip in a special car, attached to the regular train. The car had been provided by the Chester reception committee.

Senator Gray, of Delaware, one of Mr. Cleveland's main supporters in the senate, was on the train, and at Claymont came into Mr. Bryan's car. The candidate and the senator chatted together until Chester was reached. The special car was crowded with members of the reception committees from Philadelphia and Chester. There were no incidents on the short run except those in Mr. Bryan's coach were shaken about by a quick stop of the train at the station here. A shattered pane of glass was the total damage. Mr. Bryan addressed to a large audience here and left for Philadelphia at 11:45 a. m.

A large crowd received Mr. Bryan at the station here and many of those composing it followed his carriage through the streets to Turner & Woodrow's park on Madison avenue, near the Young Men's Christian Association building, where a speaker's stand had been erected.

Mr. Bryan was cheered by a good-sized audience there and made a brief speech. While he was talking it began to rain, but not hard enough to cause the audience to disperse.

Hon. Frank B. Rhodes introduced Mr. Bryan, who spoke as follows: "I shall not keep you standing long in

Continued on Second Page.

BOY BRAINS A CHILD

Lad Thirteen Years Old Beats Two Younger Children.

GIRL OF FIVE IS MURDERED

Two Small Sisters Brutally Beaten by a Cousin.

ONE DIES AND THE OTHER IS DYING

Ellie Pompy Entices Younger Children Into the Woods Where He Does the Killing.

Columbia, S. C., September 22.—(Special.)—A crime, novel, sensational and brutal, was perpetrated Sunday afternoon near Lamar, Darlington county, this state.

Ellie Pompy, a boy thirteen years of age, beat a five-year-old girl to death with his club and then used the weapon upon his victim's four-year-old sister so viciously that she, too, will more than likely die.

The juvenile murderer narrowly escaped lynching, and is now in jail at Darlington awaiting a trial, which, in all probability, will result in the hanging of the youngest criminal ever executed in the state.

The victims of the young murderer, like the murderer himself, are members of a well-to-do and respected family.

The sisters were first cousins to the boy, who slew the one and brutally wounded the other.

Sunday afternoon, last, Albert Thomas and his wife left their home, two miles from Lamar, Darlington county, to attend church near there. Their two little children, both girls, aged five and four, were sent, before the departure for church, to the children's grandparents, a quarter of a mile away.

On the parents' return home late in the evening their children were not on the premises as expected. Some one was sent across a narrow strip of woods to the grandparents' for them, but they were not there. It was learned that the children had left the latter place for home some time before sundown.

After a search of an hour the two girls were found beaten and bruised, both apparently dead, in the woods about one hundred yards from the path.

The elder died in six or seven hours. The younger regained consciousness about that time and began exclaiming: "Ellie died. Ellie died."

Ellie Pompy is a youth of thirteen years, a cousin to the two children, and was living with his and the children's grandparents.

He was arrested, and confessed the deed. He says that he met his cousins in the woods, began to play tag, got mad, lost thought of himself, and hit them too hard with a stick.

He then enticed them away into the woods, one hundred yards, or more, from the path, where the murder was committed.

When asked why he took them there he became confused, and made conflicting statements.

There were threats of lynching by some whites, as well as blacks, and the sheriff, fearing violence, took the prisoner to Darlington for safe keeping.

The younger child is not expected to live.

TAX RECEIVER IS SUSPENDED.

Mayor Seymour, of Newark, Removes a City Official.

Newark, N. J., September 22.—Tax Receiver Julius B. Finger was suspended by Mayor Seymour this morning. Finger had neglected to turn over the receipts daily as required by ordinance, to the comptroller.

When asked for yesterday's returns this morning he tendered a check for \$1,800. There was no money to Finger's order in the bank, and the mayor at once relieved the official of duty and appointed ex-Receiver A. Judson Clark temporarily to fill the position.

A special meeting of the common council has been called for tonight to take action on the case. Finger is under bonds for \$5,000. Rumors are afloat that there may be large irregularities in the tax department.

This afternoon Mr. Finger made good the shortage of \$1,800, but his accounts are to be examined.

EDSON KEITH COMMITS SUICIDE

Chicago Man Jumps Into the Lake and Drowns.

Chicago, Ill., September 22.—Edson Keith, head of the great millinery firm of Edson, Keith & Co., Wabash avenue and Monroe street, committed suicide by jumping in the lake at the foot of Thirteenth street last night.

The fact was not made known until late this morning. Keith was seen to jump from the pier of the Illinois Central Railroad Company at Thirteenth street, but his identity was then unknown. The police station was notified, and two crews have been dragging the lake for the body, but without success.

Edson Keith was the head of probably the largest military establishment in the United States. He was also a well-known club man and financier of no mean reputation.

BIG COMBINE IS TO BE FORMED.

Wrought Iron and Steel Pipemakers Want an Understanding.

New York, September 22.—The statement is published that another combination is about to be formed, and is to consist of the wrought iron and steel pipe manufacturers of Pennsylvania.

Representatives of the concerns interested will meet today at the Hotel Waldorf for that purpose, and if the preliminary arrangements are carried through, the combination will be on the same lines as the Bessemer Steel Producers' Association, which was formed in this city last spring.

At the present there are thirty-nine plants in America manufacturing wrought iron and steel pipe, seamless tubing and

steel-riveted pipe. It is understood that the proposed combination will include the wrought iron and steel pipe plants in the country, a number of twenty-seven.

About twenty-one mills are in working condition, and have a capacity of about one million tons annually. The capital invested is very large, aggregating very nearly \$200,000.

The corporations find that it is necessary for a binding organization similar to the steel rivet combination, and it is thought that one of this kind will inspire better returns for the capital invested.

Time and again agreements have been made only to demonstrate that in business practice there is no dependence to be placed on the men making them. The new scheme is said to differ from all others, and is expected to hold the most refractory in line.

HAS RULED FOR SIXTY YEARS

QUEEN VICTORIA TODAY COMPLETES THREE SCORE YEARS.

This Breaks All Previous Records Made by Monarchs Who Have Reigned in Great Britain.

London, September 22.—Today Queen Victoria completes sixty years of her reign, the longest on record of the British crown. Her grandfather, George III., reigned within a few months of sixty years, but her majesty seems likely to greatly surpass this in spite of her feebleness and the constant talk of her abdicating in favor of her son. The queen is now seventy-seven years of age, but a fairly well preserved old lady in spite of the alarming reports which have been circulated about her health. Besides George III. only two other English sovereigns have enjoyed notably long reigns. These were Henry III., fifty-six years, and Edward VIII., fifty years.

There will be no elaborate official recognition of the completion of Victoria's sixty years' occupancy of the British throne, but in every city and hamlet of the British empire the occasion will be celebrated, for Englishmen dearly love the queen, whose exemplary life has gained her the admiration of the whole world.

The queen goes but little to state functions now, and on the occasion of her attendance at Princess Maud's wedding she said that it would be the last time she would visit London. But for all her avoidance of great state functions her majesty maintains a royal household as in years past, for she is ceremonious to a point and demands the utmost state in her different residences outside of London. Her establishment costs her a large sum in addition to the provision made by the government.

CHATTANOOGA HOUSE FAILS

Hardware Company Unable to Realize on Chattanoga, Tenn., September 22.—The O'Connell-Rogers Company, wholesale hardware men, and large dealers in railway and mill supplies, went to the wall today, naming J. J. Frater as assignee. Today's business of the company was a complete failure, and the company was forced to close its doors.

The company was organized in 1880, and had a capital of \$100,000. It was a success for many years, but in recent years it had been losing money, and today's failure was the result of a long and painful process.

The company's assets were estimated at \$100,000, and its liabilities at \$100,000. The company was organized in 1880, and had a capital of \$100,000. It was a success for many years, but in recent years it had been losing money, and today's failure was the result of a long and painful process.

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**Woman's
ork**

and it is especially wearing to those whose blood is out of proper tone, such as the women of nerve, and it is more because of the blood that women

Work Nervous, and the work itself. Every man says so, and that is only reason in building up by taking a good tonic, blood purifier and vitality restorer. For the trouble of women at change of season, or life, or resulting from hard nervousness, and impure blood, and have found relief and cure in

**1000s
Sarsaparilla**

True Blood Purifier. \$1 per bottle, 60c per 30c bottle. Sold by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

are the only pills to take for the blood.

DOMA CUBANA CIGAR FACTORY

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**THE ONLY GENUINE
CIGAR FACTORY IN ATLANTA**

PORTERS OF HAVANA LEAF.

have bought sufficient Havana leaf to work for several years. The people are cordially invited to visit our plant and see for themselves just what we can do.

OUR BRANDS

are leading cigar stands in the city. Our cigars are guaranteed to be

HAND-MADE

AND OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY

Factory—815 W. Alabama Street—

ation for a president. But it is a honor yet to be the nominee of the democratic convention ever held in Atlanta.

ufficient honor to be nominated as machinery of a party, but it is a honor still to be nominated by the of a party regardless of the man.

that platform was adopted the have commenced to study the man. What do they find? They find people of the west and south, who are asking for the restoration of the Union instead of trying to ruin it.

are trying to help our people in a true, but I want to tell you that people cannot buy of you unless they are going to raise money.

More Than Appetites. must have more than appetites out (laughter). We must have money for those things which gratify the

Because you have food to sell, ask you can sell it just because you are hungry. You have got to have what you want it, and who have to pay for something to eat. (Great

ing products here largely. Where the get your consumers without the population, and where will you goods you produce? (Great

the farmers are consumers when drive down the price of their, so they only realize enough

taxes and interest. (Great applause.) You have many truck into town they find the market full and what they get is small, red with what it used to be. Does

in the people of Philadelphia are hungry as they ever were. I assure you, there is no hunger here in Atlanta than there was five years ago. (Great applause.) Is it food things you produce? No; there is much as ever if they could get a chance

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"HANDSUP" ORDERED

Bold Highwaymen Attack Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, of South Atlanta.

WORK OF NEGRO FOOTPADS

Rogers Ordered To Throw Up His Hands After the Western Style.

HIGHWAYMEN WERE SCARED AWAY BY NOISE

Rogers and His Wife Were Attacked While Walking Along Fraser Street on Their Way Home.

A bold attempt at highway robbery was made on Fraser street near Richardson at 10 o'clock last night.

Henry Rogers, while returning home in company with his wife, was held up by three footpads and his pockets would have been looted and possibly he would have been injured had the robbers not been frightened away by two pedestrians.

Rogers is a contractor and lives in South Atlanta. He and his wife were in the city yesterday afternoon shopping. They returned until late last night and were walking along Fraser street when Mrs. Rogers, who is in very feeble health, became tired and the two sat down on the curb for a short rest.

Near the corner there is a dense shade, and Mrs. Rogers started to rest. They were startled by a noise behind them, and before Rogers knew what had happened he was gazing into a six-shooter, and his hands were high in the air.

Mrs. Rogers was taken in charge by another negro, and still another made his appearance from the opposite corner. The third man was starting to search the third man's pockets when footpads were heard, and two men rounded the corner close by.

The robbers evidently thought the pedestrians were officers, and ran as fast as their heels could carry them down Fraser street. They disappeared in the distance and had not been seen since last night.

As soon as Mrs. Rogers recovered from the shock, she was taken to her home in South Atlanta, limit. She was almost prostrated from fright.

Rogers sent a man to the station house late last night and reported the case to the authorities. A description of the highwaymen was given.

Rogers states that he does not know his assailants, but that they were all negroes. One was very light colored and the other two seemed to be very black. All were armed and would have attacked their victim, perhaps had they not been so frightened.

He had about \$15 in his pockets at the time. He had been in quite a number of stores on Whitehall street and had walked down Decatur street as far as Courtland street, where he was arrested.

He thinks the footpads must have seen him and his wife there and followed them to Fraser street.

The fact of a man being held up and robbed in company with a lady is very unusual. Rogers was unarmed, and therefore, powerless to defend himself. If the negroes are caught they will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

LOUIS SHELLEY SEEKS DEATH

His Friend Nye Prevented Him and Sent Shelley to the Police Station—His Tactics.

Louis Shelley, a young white man about twenty years of age, attempted to commit suicide by taking morphine last night. Had it not been for the prompt work of physicians he would have succeeded in his effort at self-destruction.

The cause of Shelley's act is supposed to be general despondency, prompted by dissipation. He is said to be a white youth, and has been arrested and looked in the station house several times. A case was made against him last night about an hour before his arrest.

When Shelley left the station house about 11 o'clock he was accompanied by several friends. Ed Nye was among the number. Nye left Shelley on Marietta street, and went to his room at 505 East Mitchell street.

Shelley and Nye went together. About midnight Shelley walked into the room and told Nye to write a letter which he had written in Louisville; that he had taken morphine and would be dead in a short while.

Nye began to write the letter, when Shelley picked up a pistol lying on the table and was only prevented from blowing his brains out by the prompt action of his friend. The drug soon began to take effect, and the officers were summoned.

Shelley was taken to the station house in a patrol wagon. While there he made repeated efforts to kill himself by knocking his head against the iron doors. Dr. Wright was summoned, and restoratives were applied.

An early hour this morning Shelley was recovered from the effects of the drug. Shelley has been in Atlanta about two months. He came here from Louisville. He is engaged in no regular business.

Work of Sneak Thieves.

Sneak thieves got in their work at the Grand last night. Seven hats belonging to guests were stolen. The hats were of various styles, and the thieves were very clever in their work.

Mississippi Chess Players Meet.

Jackson, Miss., September 22.—The Mississippi Chess Players Association met in the senate chamber today. X. C. Smith, of Jackson, president; M. D. McGrath, of Brookhaven, vice president; R. K. Jayne, of Jackson, secretary.

A NEW DYSPEPSIA CURE.

Over 6,000 People in State of Michigan Cured in 1894 by This New Preparation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the new discovery for stomach troubles, is claimed to have cured over 6,000 people in the state of Michigan alone in 1894. These tablets have become so popular with physicians and the people who have any form of indigestion, that they have the endorsement of such physicians as Dr. Harlandson and Dr. Jensen as being the safest, most reliable, and most effective remedy for dyspepsia, gas, bloating, palpitation, headache, constipation and in all cases where the appetite is poor or the food imperfectly digested.

It is safe to say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any kind of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stomach. They are not a secret patent medicine, but composed of vegetable and fruit essences, pure pepsin, Golden Seal, ginger and digestive acids. They are pleasant to take, and are carried in the food, and are because they digest the food promptly before it has time to ferment and poison the blood.

Druggists everywhere sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, full sized packages at 25 cents. A book on Stomach diseases and thousands of testimonials sent free by addressing The Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

JOCKEY COADY WAS SUSPENDED

Grassveld Had a Good Card but a Poor Crowd.

Grassveld Race Track, September 22.—The gloomy weather and rain of the early part of the day kept down the attendance this afternoon. The track was dead.

The big races were the Youthful stakes of \$1,000 at five and a half furlongs for two-year-olds, and the Atlantic stakes of \$2,000 at five furlongs.

Coady was suspended by the stewards for the balance of the meeting for his unsatisfactory ride on Buckwa in the first race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Second race, for three-year-olds and upward, one mile, trapahoe, 10th, Sloan, 15 to 1, won; Ingomar, second, Handspur third, time, 1:45.

Third race, the Youthful stakes of \$1,000, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Fourth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Fifth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Sixth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Seventh race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Eighth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Ninth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Tenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Eleventh race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twelfth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Thirteenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Fourteenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Fifteenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Sixteenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Seventeenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Eighteenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Nineteenth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twentieth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-first race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-second race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-third race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-fourth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-fifth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-sixth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-seventh race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-eighth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Twenty-ninth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Thirtieth race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

Thirty-first race, for two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs—Royal Rose, 11th, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Passover, second; Distinction third, time, 1:30.

HIS VICTIM'S SISTER

Defendant Ryder Listens Eagerly as Miss Owen Testifies.

INSANITY NOT ESTABLISHED

Witnesses Assert that the Prisoner Is Sane—Evidence All In—Argument Begins Today.

Talbotton, Ga., September 22.—(Special).—The last witness has been on the stand, the last testimony has been heard and the Ryder murder case is rapidly drawing to a close.

The testimony today was all relative to the question of Ryder's sanity. It came from experts, and it came from persons whose answers to questions and whose statements were based upon their knowledge of Ryder, a knowledge acquired by years of association with him.

What effect the evidence adduced has had or will have upon the jury their verdict will show. With the crowd in the courtroom it has had little weight.

The speaking will begin tomorrow, and in all eight speeches will be made, four on each side.

The event of the day was the testimony of Miss Lizzie May Owen, sister of Ryder's victim. Miss Owen was called by the defense, and she testified that she knew Dr. W. L. Ryder, had known him for three or more years.

When asked if she knew Miss Lillian Emma Owen, she said:

"Yes; she was my only sister."

She told the jury of Miss Owen's evidence one could make the effort she was making to control herself.

She told how often Dr. Ryder had called at their home, and how she had seen him in town with her sister. She saw him twenty minutes before the crime, and from what she had seen, she felt that he was perfectly sane.

The case opened with the evidence of Dr. John Douglas, who stated that from his knowledge of the evidence and the evidence in this case brought before the court, he believed that Ryder was perfectly sane when the crime was committed.

In rebuttal, Dr. Johnson's statements concerning the cause of Ryder's condition in the Macon jail, Dr. Douglas said that he believed that Ryder was sane when he was committed to the jail.

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WARREN NOT IN ALBANY JAIL

Assault of Mrs. Bass Not Arrested as Reported.

Cuthbert, Ga., September 22.—(Special).—The reports that the negro Luan Warren had been arrested and was lodged in Albany jail is untrue.

Deputy Sheriff W. I. Maddox, of Randolph, went to Albany this morning to see Mr. John Johnson, who is now in Albany jail, and who is now in Albany jail.

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CEREALES. CEREALS.

Fresh arrival of new seasonable goods. Rolled Avena, Pinhead Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Quaker Oats, Petition Break-fast Food, Schumacher's Graham Flour.

A. W. FARLINGER,

325, 327 and 329 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Wonderful Results from Pink Pills

Mrs. John Tooley Relates a Remarkable Story.

The Democrat has had its attention called to a remarkable cure, due to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the following statement, made to a reporter of this paper, will be read with interest by all similarly afflicted: Mrs. John Tooley, of Dwight, in this county, is the lady bene-

In Michigan, I was a great sufferer from extreme nervousness, which finally led me to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. My health was very poor, and I was constantly growing weaker. Finally I left home and went to my relatives in Canada, where I would return again. In Canada I was in the hands of Dr. J. H. Millard, who told me the result was truly marvellous. When he began talking to me, I was a bad time, but after a few days I was a better time, during which I took four boxes of the medicine. I was cured of my nervousness, and the St. Vitus' dance had all nervousness disappeared. I was completely cured and in the best of health, and have continued so for years. I had been attended by several physicians, but they were unable to cure me. I now live my life to Pink Pills, and have earnestly recommended them to all my friends, and to all who are afflicted with nervousness. I wish with good results, my mother to use them.

any and all inquiries as to what Pink Pill have done for me."
(Signed.)
Sworn to and subscribed before me this
24 day of July, 1896.
Mrs. Tooley is now the picture of health and The Democrat reporter could hardly realize that she was at one time so near to death. But her testimony is unassailable and she is very earnest in her desire to spread the good news to other sufferers.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to males, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or any other whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 25 cents a box or six boxes for \$1.50. They are had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. J. C. Williams' Medicine Company, Secaucus, N. J.

**Our Young People Are Saving \$100 on
an Article Worth \$150.**

THE OFFER WILL SOON CLOSE

**The Southern Shorthand and Business
University Receiving Students
from Everywhere.**

A few more who wish a thorough business education combined with shorthand

and English, can obtain \$150 worth of first-class instruction for \$50 at the Southern Shorthand and Business University, in "The Grand," this city. Or those who wish to go farther north can attend the same institution in Norfolk, Va.

A shorthand course worth \$50, business course worth \$50, and English course worth \$50, all combined for the price of one, in

Other words, a person can receive \$50 worth of high-class instruction for only \$50 at the finest business university in the south.

One hundred scholarships were issued at this remarkably low price, and eighty-three of them have been sold. Those desiring to secure this great offer will have no time to lose.

REAL ROMANCE STILL SURVIVES

Red Ribbon Tied to the Gate Told of Varee's Coming—The Wedding.

Valdosta, Ga., September 22.—(Special).—There was a romantic marriage here today in which Cigar Maker Varees, of Thomasville, was wedded to Miss Cora Claxia, the

The affair had been arranged for several days by the contracting parties, and last night the groom-to-be reached the city and tied a red ribbon to the gate at the home of his sweetheart, as a signal that he had reached the city, and was ready for the ceremony.

At 11 o'clock Miss Clewis strolled up the street and was met by Varees in a carriage. The two drove to the Methodist parsonage and after some consultation with him, Rev. B. Anthony performed the ceremony. When Mr. Clewis learned of the romance in which

his daughter had played a part, he grew angry and went in pursuit of the couple at once. He found them at the Georgia Southern depot, fixing to take the train. It is

said that a fistcuff between him and the groom was prevented by bystanders. The young couple asked forgiveness and reconciliation was effected. The father carried the couple to his house and dined them and sent them on their way rejoicing.

An interesting feature of the marriage is that the bride, groom and preacher were all red headed, and the couple rode behind a pair of white horses to the minister's house.

AT THE THEATERS.

Gus Williams, at the Grand, and "The Other Man's Wife" at the Lyceum played to fair matinees and night houses yesterday.

Tonight a notable walk will be the first appearance here of Walker Whiteside, the American, according to "Uncle Sam."

The Lees, hypnotists, begin at the Lyceum an engagement covering eleven performances.

Walker Whiteside.

The performance of "Hamlet," in which Mr. Walker Whiteside will open his engage-

ment at the Grand tonight, promises to prove more than ordinarily interesting, and every preparation has been made for an adequate production of this fine old play. In the role of Hamlet, Mr. Whiteside has a character with which he is thoroughly in sympathy. It is one to which he as devoted many years of careful, conscientious study,

and it is said that his mastery of it is a striking illustration of the cultured genius* which has won for him a leading position in the dramatic world during the past few seasons. Mr. Whiteside comes here heralded by strong encomiums.

Mr. Whiteside's company is said to be admirably adapted for the Shakespearean drama, and the audience can be

At the matinee tomorrow, Mr. White-
side will give "Merchant of Venice,"
and "Richelieu" at the closing performance
Thursday night.

The Corinne extravaganza company, headed by that charming little woman, Corinne, will be the attraction next Friday and Saturday at the Grand. Corinne has a splendid company, including Joe Cawthorn, John Page and a score of other Atlanta favorites.

Mrs. Berry Taken Home.
Mrs. Berry, the demented woman who has been in the station house for three

days, was turned over to her husband yesterday morning by Chief Connolly, and was taken back to her home.

RECEIPTS ARE HEAVY

Accumulation Has To Be Taken Care of In Some Way.

THE PRESSURE IS TOO GREAT

Stocks Weak and 1-4 to 2-8 Per Cent Lower—Wheat Was Strong and Active, Closing Higher.

The following were the quotations for spot cotton at the places named yesterday:

Liverpool—Easy; middling 7-10c.

Atlanta—In buyers' favor; middling 4-10c.

New York—Quiet; middling 5-10c.

New Orleans—Quiet; middling 5-10c.

Galveston—Firm; middling 5-10c.

Norfolk—Easy; middling 5-10c.

Savannah—Quiet; middling 5-10c.

Mobile—Easy; middling 5-10c.

Memphis—Easy; middling 5-10c.

Augusta—Quiet; middling 5-10c.

Charleston—Firm; middling 5-10c.

Houston—Firm; middling 5-10c.

RECEIPTS	EXPORTS	STOCKS
1896	1896	1896
1897	1897	1897
1898	1898	1898
1899	1899	1899
1900	1900	1900
1901	1901	1901
1902	1902	1902
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1918	1918	1918
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2090	2090	2090
2091	2091	2091
2092	2092	2092
2093	2093	2093
2094	2094	2094
2095	2095	2095
2096	2096	2096
2097	2097	2097
2098	2098	2098
2099	2099	2099
2100	2100	2100

Peine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., September 22.—Prices declined steadily since the close of the market on Tuesday. The Liverpool market was regarded as very disappointing. Good rains were reported in the south and more favorable advice was received from Texas, stating that the outlook for a top crop was improving and general conditions better than had been expected. The market was more favorable than had been expected. New Orleans sold freely and spot cotton was closed steady with sales of 21,000 bales. New Orleans declined 1-32 on spot with sales of 10,000. Futures opened and declined 1-32 to 1 1/2 points. Memphis received 2,515 bales against 1,545 and 344. Houston expected tomorrow 6,000 to 7,000, against 5,920 last week and 5,868 last year. New Orleans expects 8,000 to 8,085 and 4,188. Total receipts were 26,249, against 46,649 and 32,732 for last week. Spot cotton in New York declined 1-16; sales of 100. For spinning, market upland 8-15c. Mobile and Savannah declined 1-16c. Charleston 1-16c and Augusta 1-16c. Exports on the week were 8,572 bales. Buy on the breaks for quick turns.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

Month	Upland	Lowland	Sea Island
September	8.55	8.25	8.10
October	8.50	8.20	8.05
November	8.45	8.15	8.00
December	8.40	8.10	7.95
January	8.35	8.05	7.90
February	8.30	8.00	7.85
March	8.25	7.95	7.80
April	8.20	7.90	7.75
May	8.15	7.85	7.70
June	8.10	7.80	7.65
July	8.05	7.75	7.60
August	8.00	7.70	7.55

Closed steady; sales 2,500 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stocks:

Month	Receipts	Exports	Stocks
September	26,249	8,572	46,649
October	25,125	8,450	45,125
November	24,000	8,325	43,600
December	22,875	8,200	42,075
January	21,750	8,075	40,550
February	20,625	7,950	39,025
March	19,500	7,825	37,500
April	18,375	7,700	35,975
May	17,250	7,575	34,450
June	16,125	7,450	32,925
July	15,000	7,325	31,400
August	13,875	7,200	29,875

Closed steady; sales 2,500 bales.

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans:

Month	Upland	Lowland	Sea Island
September	8.55	8.25	8.10
October	8.50	8.20	8.05
November	8.45	8.15	8.00
December	8.40	8.10	7.95
January	8.35	8.05	7.90
February	8.30	8.00	7.85
March	8.25	7.95	7.80
April	8.20	7.90	7.75
May	8.15	7.85	7.70
June	8.10	7.80	7.65
July	8.05	7.75	7.60
August	8.00	7.70	7.55

Closed steady; sales 2,500 bales.

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April	8.20	7.90	7.75
May	8.15	7.85	7.70
June	8.10	7.80	7.65
July	8.05	7.75	7.60
August	8.00	7.70	7.55

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May	8.15	7.85	7.70
June	8.10	7.80	7.65
July	8.05	7.75	7.60
August	8.00	7.70	7.55

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May	8.15	7.85	7.70
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July	8.05	7.75	7.60
August	8.00	7.70	7.55

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July	8.05	7.75	7.60
August	8.00	7.70	7.55

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